# DAFTAR PUSTAKA

[1] Y. C. Liu, R. L. Kuo, and S. R. Shih, "Covid-19: The first documented coronavirus pandemic in history," *Biomedical Journal*, vol. 43, 2020.

[2] C. Huang, Y. Wang, X. Li, L. Ren, J. Zhao, Y. Hu, L. Zhang, G. Fan, J. Xu, X. Gu, Z. Cheng, T. Yu, J. Xia, Y. Wei, W. Wu, X. Xie, W. Yin, H. Li, M. Liu, Y. Xiao, H. Gao, L. Guo, J. Xie, G. Wang, R. Jiang, Z. Gao, Q. Jin, J. Wang, and B. Cao, "Clinical features of patients infected with 2019 novel coronavirus in wuhan, china," *The Lancet*, vol. 395, 2020.

[3] F. Wu, S. Zhao, B. Yu, Y. M. Chen, W. Wang, Z. G. Song, Y. Hu, Z. W. Tao, J. H. Tian, Y. Y. Pei, M. L. Yuan, Y. L. Zhang, F. H. Dai, Y. Liu, Q. M. Wang, J. J. Zheng, L. Xu, E. C. Holmes, and Y. Z. Zhang, "A new coronavirus associated with human respiratory disease in china," *Nature*, vol. 579, 2020.

[4] L. Mardianah, S. Hidayat, and Hamidah, "Empirical study of the impact of work from home (wfh) policy and top management support on employee performance," 2020.

[5] A. Dubey and S. Tripathi, "Analysing the sentiments towards work-from-home experience during covid-19 pandemic," *Journal of Innovation Management*, vol. 8, 04 2020.

[6] C. M. Annur, "Pengguna twitter indonesia masuk daftar terbanyak di dunia, urutan berapa?: Databoks," Mar 2022. [Online]. Available: https://databoks.katadata.co.id/datapublish/2022/03/23/pengguna-twitter-indonesia-masuk-daftar-terbanyak-di-dunia-urutan-berapa#:~:text=Jumlah

[7] S. Saifullah, Y. Fauziyah, and A. S. Aribowo, "Comparison of machine learning for sentiment analysis in detecting anxiety based on social media data," *Jurnal Informatika*, vol. 15, 2021.

[8] K. Zahoor, N. Z. Bawany, and S. Hamid, "Sentiment analysis and classification of restaurant reviews using machine learning," 2020.

[9] O. Mbaabu, "Introduction to random forest in machine learning," 11 December 2020. [Online]. Available: https://www.section.io/engineering-education/

[10] W. Medhat, A. Hassan, and H. Korashy, "Sentiment analysis algorithms and applications: A survey," *Ain Shams Engineering Journal*, vol. 5, 2014.

[11] M. D. Devika, C. Sunitha, and A. Ganesh, "Sentiment analysis: A comparative study on different approaches," vol. 87, 2016.

[12] S. Rajalakshmi, S. Asha, and N. Pazhaniraja, "A comprehensive survey on sentiment analysis," 2017.

[13] S. N. J. Fitriyyah, N. Safriadi, and E. E. Pratama, "Analisis sentimen calon presiden indonesia 2019 dari media sosial twitter menggunakan metode naive bayes," *Jurnal Edukasi dan Penelitian Informatika (JEPIN)*, vol. 5, 2019.

[14] I. Latha, D. Varma, and D. Govardhan, "Preprocessing the informal text for efficient sentiment analysis," *International Journal of Emerging Trends Technology in Computer Science*, vol. 1, pp. 58–61, 07 2012.

[15] B. Mahesh, "Machine learning algorithms -a review," 01 2019.

[16] B. Gupta, A. Rawat, A. Jain, A. Arora, and N. Dhami, "Analysis of various decision tree algorithms for classification in data mining," *International Journal of Computer Applications*, vol. 163, 2017.

[17] J. A. S. Sá, A. C. Almeida, B. R. P. Rocha, M. A. S. Mota, J. R. S. Souza, and L. M. Dentel, "Lightning forecast using data mining techniques on hourly evolution of the convective available potential energy," 2016.

[18] B. Charbuty and A. Abdulazeez, "Classification based on decision tree algorithm for machine learning," *Journal of Applied Science and Technology Trends*, vol. 2, 2021.

[19] M. A. Fauzi, "Random forest approach fo sentiment analysis in indonesian language," *Indonesian Journal of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science*, vol. 12, 2018.

[20] M. Ahmad, S. Aftab, S. S. Muhammad, and S. Ahmad, "Machine learning techniques for sentiment analysis: A review," *INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF MULTIDISCIPLINARY SCIENCES AND ENGINEERING*, vol. 8, 2017.

[21] T. Hengl, M. Nussbaum, M. N. Wright, G. B. Heuvelink, and B. Gräler, "Random forest as a generic framework for predictive modeling of spatial and spatio-temporal variables," *PeerJ*, vol. 2018, 2018.

[22] J. M. Rudd and H. ay, "An empirical study of downstream analysis effects of model pre-processing choices," *Open Journal of Statistics*, vol. 10, 2020.

[23] N. N. A. Sjarif, N. F. M. Azmi, S. Chuprat, H. M. Sarkan, Y. Yahya, and S. M. Sam, "Sms spam message detection using term frequency-inverse document frequency and random forest algorithm," *Procedia Computer Science*, vol. 161, 2019.

[24] W. N. I. Al-Obaydy, H. Hashim, Y. Najm, and A. Jalal, "Document classification using term frequency-inverse document frequency and k-means clustering," *Indonesian Journal of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science*, vol. 27, pp. 1517–1524, 09 2022.

[25] C. A. Ramezan, T. A. Warner, and A. E. Maxwell, "Evaluation of sampling and cross-validation tuning strategies for regional-scale machine learning classification," *Remote Sensing*, vol. 11, 2019.

[26] G. Battineni, G. G. Sagaro, C. Nalini, F. Amenta, and S. K. Tayebati, "Comparative machine-learning approach: A follow-up study on type 2 diabetes predictions by cross-validation methods," *Machines*, vol. 7, 2019.

[27] M. Huljanah, Z. Rustam, S. Utama, and T. Siswantining, "Feature selection using random forest classifier for predicting prostate cancer," *IOP Conference Series: Materials Science and Engineering*, vol. 546, 2019.

[28] A. Krouska, C. Troussas, and M. Virvou, "Comparative evaluation of algorithms for sentiment analysis over social networking services," *Journal of Universal Computer Science*, vol. 23, 2017.